



Making the countdown count

...Senegal's experience

Biram Ndiaye
Prime Minister's Office, Senegal

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Outline

- 1. Context**
- 2. From London to Cape Town**
- 3. Lessons learned**
- 4. Next steps**



Senegal Context : Main indicators and gaps

Indicators	1992	2005	2015	Gap
Maternal Mortality (per 100 000)	555	401	139	262
Neonatal Mortality (per 1000)	35	35	12	23
Under 5 Mortality (per 1000)	131	121	44	74
Underweight (%)	22	17	11	6



London, 2005 : First Countdown conference

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Macky Sall, Prime Minister of Senegal, and Jacques Sylla, Prime Minister of the Republic of Madagascar

African Prime Ministers take lead in child survival

We consider these investments as the pathway to real development and poverty reduction in our countries, and we have shown that important results can be achieved. We therefore call on our colleagues, Prime Ministers from other countries, to engage in a similar way.



London, 2005 : First Countdown conference

- ❑ Senegal's Delegation: Minister of planning, National Committee for the fight against malnutrition, Ministry of Health, Dakar University, WHO, UNICEF, BASICS
- ❑ Presentation of the results from Senegal's Nutrition Enhancement Program
- ❑ Poster presentation by the university of Dakar



After London 2005

Keep the dynamics

by organizing monthly meetings with delegation members and enlarging the group with representatives from UNFPA, USAID and WB

Organize a national countdown to 2015 (2006)

With the participation of the Ministry of finance, planning, education etc. and the support of all partners

- * Analyse the situation of MNCH in Senegal
- * Identify successful initiatives
- * Define a strategy to scale up cost-effective interventions

Policy Measures (2006)

- * Approval of the Reproductive Health Law



After London 2005

Formulation of strategic documents

- * **Road Map for the reduction of Maternal and Newborn Mortality and Morbidity (2006)**
- * **National Child Survival Strategy (2007)**
- * **Nutrition Enhancement Program phase 2 (2007-2011) with a 50 millions USD budget funded by GoS, WorldBank, WFP, UNICEF and Micronutrient Initiative**
- * **Community Health Programme (2007-2011) with a 12 millions USD budget and President Malaria initiative (2007-2011) with a 20 millions USD budget funded by USAID**



After London 2005

Budget measures

*** User fees abolition for delivery in public health structures, caesarean section, fistula management, HIV detection, ARV treatment**

*** Increase of the MoH budget with specific budget line for contraceptives 2008**



After London 2005

Preliminary results

- * Proportion of pregnant women receiving intermittent preventive treatment of malaria increases from 47% to 66% between 2005 and 2007
- * Health staff of 54% of Districts are trained in perinatal health in 2007.
- * Coverage of c-IMCI increases from 15% to 25% of children between 2005 and 2007.
- * Proportion of Districts implementing community treatment of pneumonia with antibiotics increases from 27% to 33% between 2005 and 2007.
- * Proportion of children sleeping under ITN increases from 7% to 46% between 2005 and 2007.



Advocacy efforts

☑ **Links with the global action: Visits of the PMNCH Director**



- ❖ **Discussions with the Prime Minister, Minister of Finance and the Academics and advocates for MNCH**
- ❖ **Participate in the joint annual review of the Health Sector 2006**
- ❖ **Mobilise National actors, Partners and the media and draw attention to MNCH**

☑ **Global Campaign for the Health MDGs - NORWAY**

- ❖ **HE Abdoulaye Wade, President of the Republic of Senegal has accepted to join the Global Network of Leaders for Health MDGs**



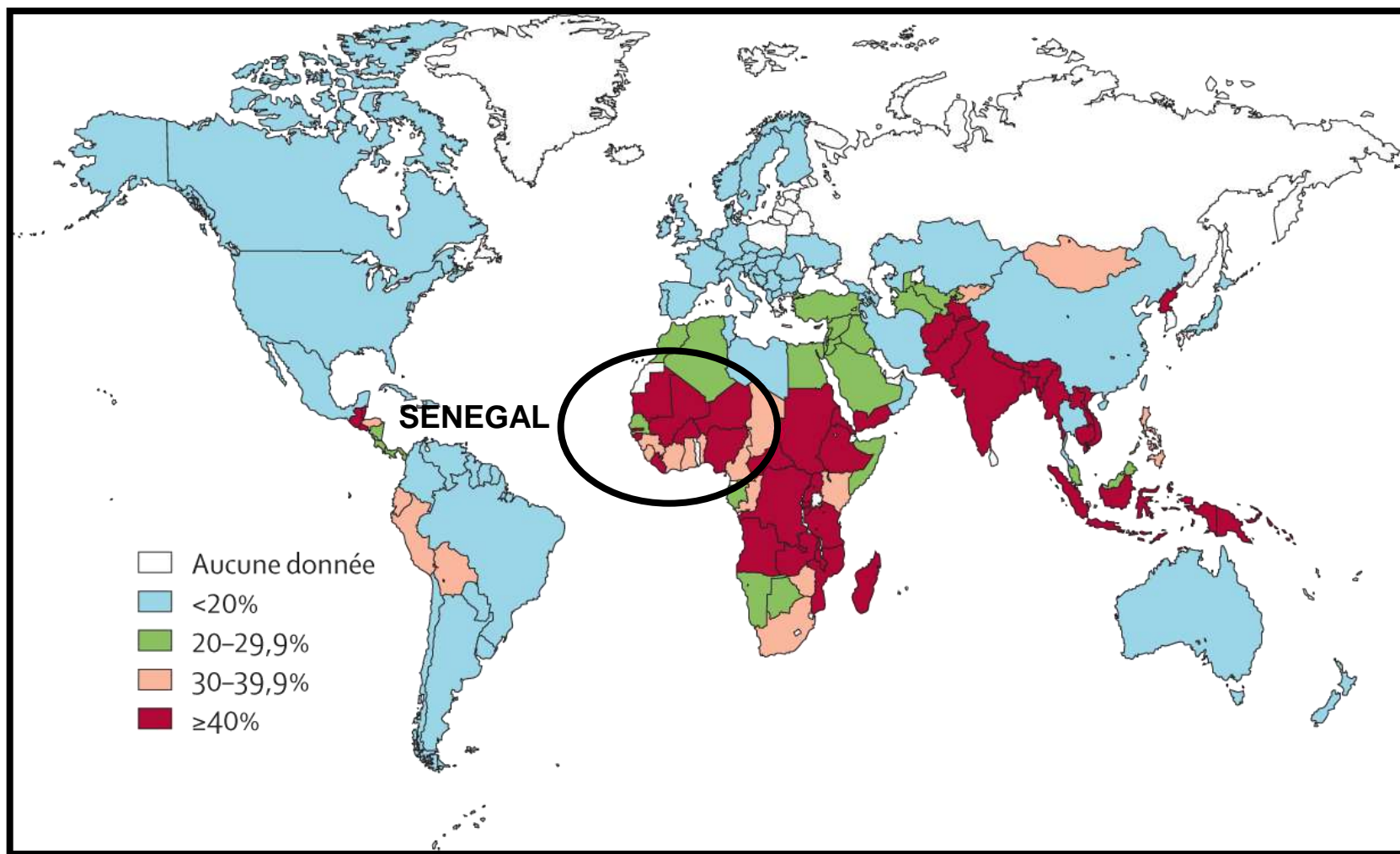
Advocacy efforts

☑ Islamic Summit

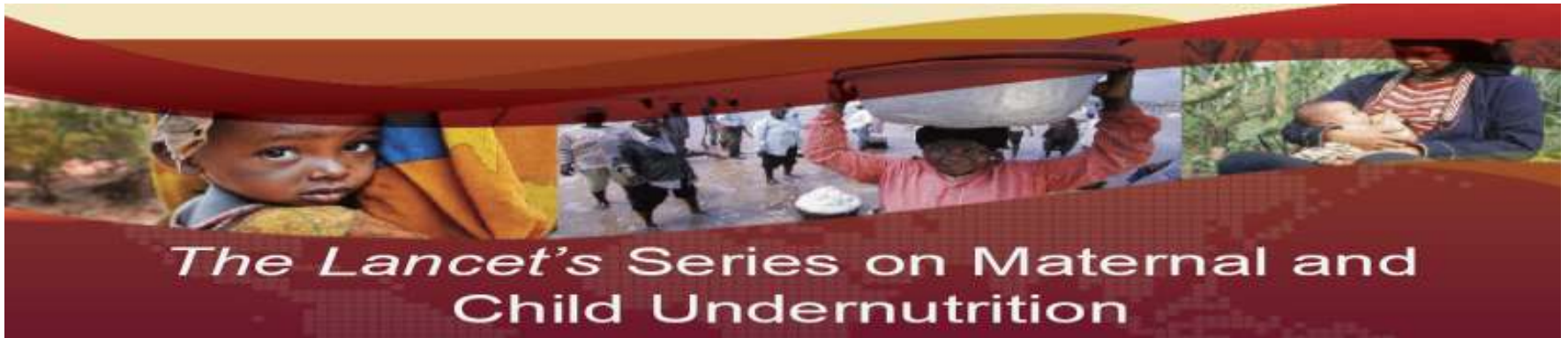
- ❖ HE Abdoulaye Wade, President of the Republic of Senegal and Chair of the Organisation of the Islamic Summit, **Called member states for more attention to MNCH and the use of the Islamic Poverty Alleviation Fund for MNCH**



West Africa Launch of The Lancet: series on maternal and child undernutrition. February 2008.



Advocacy efforts



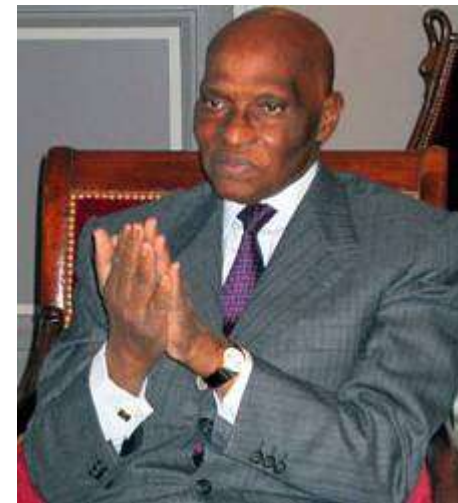
- ☑ **West Africa Launch: February 2008**
- ☑ **By video conference with the participation of 9 countries**



Advocacy efforts

- ☑ **The joint annual review of the health sector in 2008 was focused on Health MDGs**

- ☑ **Speech to the nation during the independence day 2008: HE Abdoulaye Wade, President of the Republic of Senegal undertakes to pay more attention to MNCH**



Lessons learned

- **The National Committee for the Fight against Malnutrition, located at the Prime Minister's office was used as an entry point to mobilize The President, the Prime Minister, Ministers etc. to support MNCH**
- **Use of the existing structures to put forward the MNCH agenda and not create a new structure**
- **Importance of national leadership able to seize different opportunities to fast tract MNCH**
- **Importance of the support of partners (WHO, UNFPA, UNICEF, Worldbank, USAID) that have helped to create a team spirit around the MoH**



Next steps

- **Presidential Council for the Health MDGs and set up a regular tracking system**
- **Creation of an advisory group with all partners to support the efforts of the MoH in reaching health MDGs**
- **Seize the opportunity of the formulation of the 10 years national health plan to consolidate the different MNCH plan into one plan**
- **Launch of Deliver Now Campaign in Senegal**
- **Follow up of the Islamic Summit – Poverty alleviation Fund managed by the Islamic Development Bank**



THANK YOU FOR YOUR ATTENTION

