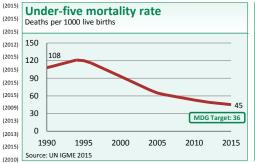


# **Tajikistan**

## **DEMOGRAPHICS**

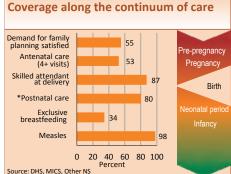


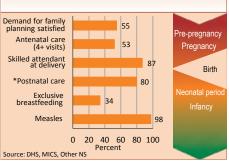




Note: MDG target calculated by Countdown to 2015.

## MATERNAL AND NEWBORN HEALTH





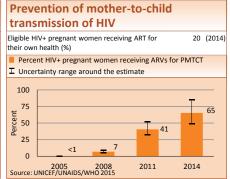


MICS

MICS Other NS

10

10



## **EQUITY**

Source: DHS 2012

### Socioeconomic inequities in coverage Household wealth quintile: Poorest 20% Richest 20% Demand for family planning satisfied Antenatal care (1+ visit) Antenatal care (4+ visits) Skilled attendant at delivery Farly initiation of breastfeeding ITN use among children <5 yrs DTP3 Measles Vitamin A (past 6 months) ORT & continued feeding Careseeking for pneumonia 0 10 20 30 40 50 60 70 80 90 100

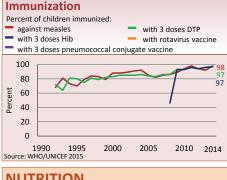
Coverage levels are shown for the poorest 20% (red circles) and the richest 20% (orange circles). The longer the line between the two groups, the greater the inequality. These estimates may differ from other charts due to differences in data sources.

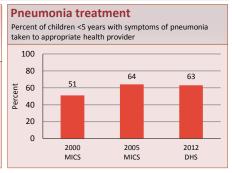
Percent

### CHILD HEALTH

Other NS

MoH

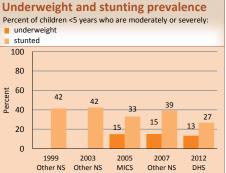


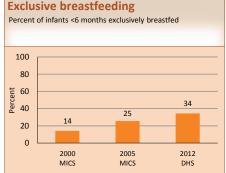


#### **NUTRITION**

Wasting prevalence (moderate and severe, %) Low birthweight prevalence (%)

(2012) Early initiation of breastfeeding (within 1 hr of birth, %) 50 (2012) Introduction of solid, semi-solid/soft foods (%) 49 Vitamin A two dose coverage (%) 93 (2013)

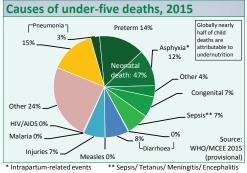


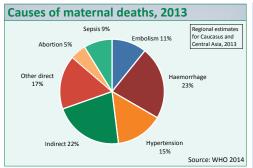




# **Tajikistan**

#### **DEMOGRAPHICS**

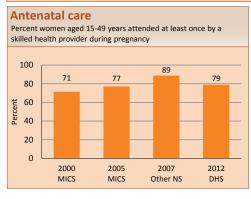




# **POLICIES**







1	Demand for family planning satisfied (%)	55	(2012)
	Antenatal care (4 or more visits, %)	53	(2012)
	Malaria during pregnancy - intermittent preventive treatment (%)	-	-
	C-section rate (total, urban, rural; %) (Minimum target is 5% and maximum target is 15%)	4, 6, 4	(2012)
	Neonatal tetanus vaccine	-	
	Postnatal visit for baby (within 2 days, %)	54	(2012)
	Postnatal visit for mother (within 2 days , %)	80	(2012)
	Women with low body mass index (<18.5 kg/m2, %)	9	(2012)

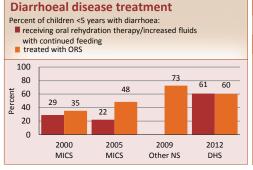
#### **SYSTEMS**

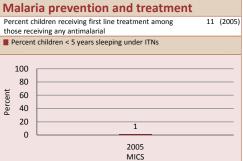
Costed national implementation plan(s) for: maternal, newborn and child health available	No	(2015)
Life Saving Commodities in Essential Med	dicine Li	ist:
Reproductive health (X of 3)	1*	(2015)
Maternal health (X of 3)	2	(2015)
Newborn health (X of 4)	2	(2015)
Child health (X of 3)	-	-
Density of doctors, nurses and midwives (per 10,000 population)	69.4	(2013)
National availability of Emergency	86	(2005)

Newborn health (X of 4)	2
Child health (X of 3)	-
Density of doctors, nurses and	69.4

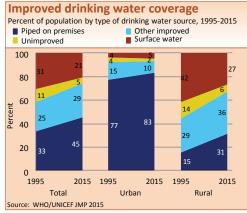
Obstetric Care services (% of recommended minimum)

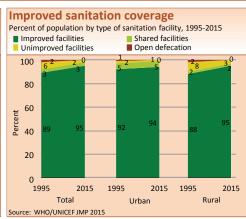
# **CHILD HEALTH**





## **WATER AND SANITATION**





## **FINANCING**

Per capita total expenditure on health (Int\$)	170 (2013)
General government expenditure on health as % of total government expenditure (%)	7 (2013)
Out of pocket expenditure as % of total expenditure on health(%)	60 (2013)
Reproductive, maternal, newborn and child health expenditure by source	No Data
■ General government expenditure	
■ External sources	
■ Private sources	
ODA to child health per child (US\$)	12 (2012)
ODA to maternal and neonatal health per live birth (US\$)	22 (2012)

Note: See annexes for additional information on the indicators above