**Uganda**

**Demosographics**

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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Total population</td>
<td>33,425</td>
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<tr>
<td>Total under-five population</td>
<td>6,465</td>
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<tr>
<td>Births</td>
<td>1,514</td>
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<tr>
<td>Birth registration (%)</td>
<td>21</td>
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<tr>
<td>Total under-five deaths</td>
<td>141</td>
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<tr>
<td>Neonatal deaths: % of all under-5 deaths</td>
<td>28</td>
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<tr>
<td>Neonatal mortality rate (per 1000 live births)</td>
<td>26</td>
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<tr>
<td>Infant mortality rate (per 1000 live births)</td>
<td>63</td>
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<tr>
<td>Stillbirth rate (per 1000 total births)</td>
<td>25</td>
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<tr>
<td>Total maternal deaths</td>
<td>4,700</td>
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<tr>
<td>Lifetime risk of maternal death (1 in N)</td>
<td>49</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Total fertility rate (per woman)</td>
<td>6.1</td>
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<td>Adolescent birth rate (per 1000 women)</td>
<td>159</td>
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**Under-five mortality rate**

Deaths per 1,000 live births

- 2000: 125
- 2005: 99
- 2015: 58

**Maternal mortality ratio**

Deaths per 100,000 live births

- 2000: 600
- 2010: 310
- 2015: 150

**Notes:** MDG target calculated by Countdown to 2015

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**Maternal and Newborn Health**

**Coverage along the continuum of care**

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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Demand for family planning satisfied</td>
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<tr>
<td>Antenatal care (4+ visits)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Skilled attendant at delivery</td>
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<tr>
<td><em>Postnatal care (80%)</em></td>
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<tr>
<td>Exclusive breastfeeding</td>
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<tr>
<td>Measles</td>
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</table>

**Skilled attendant at delivery**

Percent live births attended by skilled health personnel

- 1988-1989: 38
- 1995: 38
- 2000-2001: 39
- 2006: 42

**Prevention of mother-to-child transmission of HIV**

Eligible HIV+ pregnant women receiving ART for their own health (% of total ARVs)

- 2010: 13

**Child Health**

**Immunization**

- Percent children immunized against measles
- Percent children immunized with 3 doses DTP
- Percent children immunized with 3 doses Hib

- 1990: 60
- 1995: 60
- 2000: 55
- 2005: 55
- 2010: 55

**Pneumonia treatment**

- Percent children <5 years with suspected pneumonia taken to appropriate health provider
- Percent children <5 years with suspected pneumonia receiving antibiotics

- 1995: 61
- 2000-2001: 67
- 2006: 73

**Nutrition**

**Wasting prevalence (moderate and severe, %)**

- 2000: 6

**Low birthweight incidence (moderate and severe, %)**

- 2000: 14

**Early initiation of breastfeeding (within 1 hr of birth, %)**

- 2006: 42

**Introduction of solid, semi-solid/soft foods (%)**

- 2000: 75

**Vitamin A supplementation (two dose coverage, %)**

- 2000: 64

**Underweight and stunting prevalence**

- Percent children <5 years who are underweight
- Percent children <5 years who are stunted

- 1988-1989: 20
- 1995: 48
- 2000-2001: 46
- 2006: 45

**Exclusive breastfeeding**

Percent infants <6 months exclusively breastfed

- 1988-1989: 20
- 1995: 57
- 2000-2001: 63
- 2006: 60

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**Notes:**

- MDG target calculated by Countdown to 2015
- Data from WHO/UNICEF

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**EQUITY**

**Socioeconomic inequities in coverage**

Household wealth quintile: ● Poorest 20% ● Richest 20%

- Demand for family planning satisfied
- Antenatal care (1+ visit)
- Antenatal care (4+ visits)
- Skilled birth attendant
- Early initiation of breastfeeding
- ITN use among children ≤5 yrs
- DTP3
- Measles
- Vitamin A (past 6 months)
- ORT & continued feeding
- Careseeking for pneumonia

Coverage levels are shown for the poorest 20% (red circles) and the richest 20% (orange circles). The longer the line between the two groups, the greater the inequity. These estimates may differ from other charts due to differences in data sources.

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**Countdown to 2015**

Maternal, Newborn & Child Survival

Building a Future for Women and Children The 2012 Report
**Demographics**

### Causes of under-five deaths, 2010

Globally more than one third of child deaths are attributable to undernutrition. A higher percentage of deaths in children under five are caused by infectious diseases than by neonatal causes. Malnutrition is a significant cause of child deaths.

**Causes of maternal deaths, 1997-2007**

- **Hypertension:** 19%
- **Embolism:** 1%
- **Sepsis:** 9%
- **Unsafe abortion:** 5%
- **Premature labor:** 10%
- **HIV/AIDS:** 9%
- **Other direct causes:** 17%

Regional estimates for sub-Saharan Africa: Embolism 4%

**Maternal and Newborn Health**

- **Antenatal care (4 or more visits, %):** 32 (2000)
- **Malaria during pregnancy - intermittent preventive treatment (%):** 32 (2000)
  - **C-section rate (total, urban, rural, %):** 3, 9, 2 (2006)
  - **Neonatal tetanus vaccine (%):** 85 (2010)
  - **Postnatal visit for baby:** - (2006)
  - **Postnatal visit for mother:** 23 (2000)
- **Women with low body mass index (<18.5 kg/m², %):** 12 (2000)

**Child Health**

- **Diarrhoeal disease treatment:**
  - Children <5 years with diarrhoea treated with ORS: 29 (2000)
  - Children <5 years with diarrhoea receiving oral rehydration therapy/increased fluids with continued feeding: 48 (2000)

**Malaria prevention and treatment**

- **Percent of children receiving first line treatment among those receiving any antimalarial:** 39 (2000)
- **Percent of children <5 years sleeping under ITNs:** 33 (2009)

**Water and Sanitation**

- **Improved drinking water coverage:**
  - Piped on premises: 31 (2010)
  - Other improved: 28 (2010)
  - Unimproved: 7 (2010)

- **Improved sanitation coverage:**
  - Shared facilities: 27 (2010)
  - Unimproved facilities: 24 (2010)
  - Open defecation: 36 (2010)

**Policies**

- Maternity protection in accordance with Convention 183: No
- Specific notification of maternal deaths: Yes
- Midwifery personnel authorized to administer core set of life saving interventions: Partial
- International Code of Marketing of Breastmilk Substitutes: Yes
- Postnatal home visits in first week of life: Yes
- Community treatment of pneumonia with antibiotics: Yes

**Systems and Financing**

- Costed national implementation plan(s) for maternal, newborn and child health available: Yes
  - Density of doctors, nurses and midwives (per 10,000 population): 14.3 (2000)
  - Per capita total expenditure on health (int$): 83 (2010)
  - General government expenditure on health as % of total government expenditure (%): 12 (2010)
  - Out-of-pocket expenditure as % of total expenditure on health (%): 50 (2010)
- Official development assistance to child health per child (us$: 17 (2010)
- Official development assistance to maternal and neonatal health per live birth (us$: 27 (2010)